Trial Hearing

WITNESS: DAR-OTP-P-0883

1 International Criminal Court

- 2 Trial Chamber I
- 3 Situation: Darfur, Sudan
- 4 In the case of The Prosecutor v. Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman

(Open Session)

- 5 ("Ali Kushayb") ICC-02/05-01/20
- 6 Presiding Judge Joanna Korner, Judge Reine Alapini-Gansou and
- 7 Judge Althea Violet Alexis-Windsor
- 8 Trial Hearing Courtroom 2
- 9 Monday, 29 August 2022
- 10 (The hearing starts in open session at 9.34 a.m.)
- 11 THE COURT USHER: [9:34:17] All rise.
- 12 The International Criminal Court is now in session.
- 13 Please be seated.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:34:41] Yes. Good morning to everybody.
- 15 Appearances for the Prosecution, first of all.
- 16 MR JEREMY: [9:34:51] Good morning, Madam President, your Honours. Good
- 17 morning, all. On behalf of the Prosecution today we have Alison Whitford,
- 18 Ester Kosova, Claire Sabatini, Mohanad Elkholy, and myself Edward Jeremy.
- 19 Thank you.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:35:05] Yes, thank you, Mr Jeremy.
- 21 Yes, the Defence, please.
- 22 MR LAUCCI: [9:35:13](Interpretation) Good morning, your Honour and
- 23 your Honours. In addition to Mr Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman, present in
- 24 the courtroom this morning, Mrs Camille Divet, in charge of reviewing evidence;
- 25 Mr Ahmad Issa, our case manager; my colleague, Iain Edwards; and myself,

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- 1 Mr Laucci, the counsel.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:35:33] Yes. Thank you.
- 3 And finally, the representatives of the victims.
- 4 MR SHAH: [9:35:36] Good morning, Madam President. Good morning,
- 5 your Honours. And good morning to everyone in and around the courtroom.
- 6 The victims are represented in the courtroom today by our case manager
- 7 Idriss Anbari, and myself Anand Shah, associate counsel. Thank you.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:35:52] Yes.
- 9 Before I say good morning to the witness and deal with the various matters, I didn't
- see it, but I'm told that there was an email request to switch the order of witnesses,
- and I gather the Defence don't object. Is that right, Mr Laucci?
- 12 Right. Mr Laucci shook his head, for the purposes of the note.
- 13 So, yes, you can do that. Right.
- 14 Sir, first of all, good morning. Can you hear and understand me?
- 15 WITNESS: DAR-OTP-P-0883
- 16 (The witness speaks Arabic)
- 17 THE WITNESS: [9:36:29](Interpretation) I do.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:36:31] Yeah. As you know, you're here to give
- 19 evidence about what you saw and heard during the relevant period.
- 20 THE WITNESS: [9:36:55](Interpretation) Yes.
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:36:58] Just before you take the solemn declaration,
- 22 a couple of things:
- 23 First, if you don't understand a question that you are being asked by whoever is
- 24 questioning you, then say so straightaway.
- 25 THE WITNESS: [9:37:31](Interpretation) Yes.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:37:32] Second, as you realise, everything has to be
- 2 interpreted, so it would help if you try and keep your answers short, or at least keep
- 3 an eye on the lawyer asking you questions, who will stop you if the answers are
- 4 getting too long.
- 5 THE WITNESS: [9:38:07](Interpretation) Yes.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:38:07] And third, we will have regular breaks, but
- 7 if you need a break outside the regular ones, and the first one will be at 11 a.m., then
- 8 please don't hesitate to ask.
- 9 THE WITNESS: [9:38:33](Interpretation) Yes, God willing.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:38:36] By the way, what language are we in? Fur?
- 11 It doesn't sound like this is Arabic.
- 12 MS WHITFORD: [9:38:42] Arabic, your Honour.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:38:44] Oh, yes, I rather thought it was too quick
- 14 for Fur. Right. Yes. All right.
- 15 Sir, would you be kind enough then -- does he need to repeat the oath?
- 16 MS WHITFORD: [9:38:56] He can read the oath.
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:38:59] He can read, can he?
- 18 MS WHITFORD: [9:39:00] Yes, he can.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:39:02] All right. Sir, would \* you be kind enough,
- 20 then, to read the solemn declaration which is in front of you.
- 21 THE WITNESS: [9:39:11](Interpretation) In the name of God, most gracious, most
- 22 merciful, I solemnly undertake to say the truth, the whole truth and nothing but
- 23 the truth.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:39:23] Yes. Thank you very much, sir. And
- 25 now Ms Whitford's going to start.

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- 1 QUESTIONED BY MS WHITFORD:
- 2 Q. [9:39:35] Good morning, Mr Witness.
- 3 A. [9:39:39] (Speaks English) Good morning. (No interpretation)
- 4 Q. [9:39:41] We have already met. But for the record, my name is Alison Whitford
- 5 and I'll be asking you questions on behalf of the Prosecution.
- 6 Your Honour, I would ask that we go into private session. And, unfortunately,
- 7 given the nature of this witness's evidence, I do anticipate that most, if not all of his
- 8 evidence, will require private session.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [9:40:10] Yes, I suppose that's probably correct.
- 10 Right. Well, it's unfortunate, because we do have people in the public gallery. But,
- as you say, if the nature of the evidence would identify him, then I'm afraid we will
- 12 have to stay in private session. Yes, just so the public gallery know.
- 13 Yes, all right, private session.
- 14 (Private session at 9.40 a.m.)
- 15 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:40:46] We're in private session, Madam President.
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
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1 (Redacted) 2 (Redacted) 3 (Redacted) 4 (Redacted) 5 (Redacted) 6 (Redacted) 7 (Redacted) 8 (Redacted) 9 (Redacted) 10 (Redacted) 11 (Redacted) 12 (Redacted) (Redacted) 13 14 (Redacted) (Redacted) 15 16 (Redacted) 17 (Redacted) 18 (Redacted) 19 (Redacted) 20 (Redacted) 21 (Redacted) 22 (Redacted) (Redacted) 23 24 (Redacted)

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(Open session at 10.04 a.m.)

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1 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:04:52] We're back into open session, Madam President.

- 2 MS WHITFORD: [10:04:59]
- 3 Q. [10:04:59] Mr Witness, you \* mentioned that the Sudanese armed forces
- 4 responded to rebel attacks on some locations in Wadi Salih. Was there a broader
- 5 Government of Sudan response to rebel activities, in general?
- 6 A. [10:05:22] Yes. We saw the government's response. The government was not
- 7 satisfied with these attacks and, therefore, dispatched supplementary forces to
- 8 counter those attacks.
- 9 Q. [10:05:45] When you say "supplementary forces", what are you referring to?
- 10 A. [10:06:00] First of all, at Wadi Salih, there were forces in the form of a brigade.
- 11 There were a large number of rebels. They were more numerous. And when
- 12 the Wadi Salih forces needed reinforcements, the reinforcements were requisitioned
- 13 and we received those reinforcements.
- 14 Q. [10:06:32] And in addition to the regular Sudanese Armed Forces, were any
- other forces used to counter the rebels?
- 16 A. [10:06:50] Yes. Those were the Popular Defence Forces, as well as some
- 17 horsemen who were known as Janjaweed/militia. Because the government needed
- 18 them. They needed the necessary forces to counter the enemy.
- 19 Q. [10:07:18] You \* mentioned the term "Janjaweed". What's your understanding
- 20 of the word "Janjaweed"?
- 21 A. [10:07:35] Well, this is a name used in Darfur. The Janjaweed are basically
- 22 outlaws. They operate in the forests, they steal citizens' money, and the government
- 23 needed to call upon those people because they were in a position to assist the armed
- 24 forces.
- 25 The word "Janjaweed", well, within that word you have the letter J a number of times,

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- so there's reference to horsemen, to horses. And the letter *jim*, so the letter J, appears
- three times within Janjaweed, and that's why they bore that name.
- 3 Q. [10:08:43] And were there any other words used to describe these Janjaweed
- 4 forces?
- 5 A. [10:08:58] I don't recall other terms. We have those three Js, the J three times, to
- 6 refer to the weapon, the horsemen and the horse, to capture that idea of a -- an outlaw
- 7 who attacks a citizen in the forest, or indeed elsewhere.
- 8 Q. [10:09:24] You \* mentioned that the Sudanese government called upon these
- 9 Janjaweed forces to assist them in countering the rebels. How did they call upon
- 10 them?
- 11 A. [10:09:50] It was by means of the local departments, because they knew that
- those outlaws were out in the forest and, as a result, they would call upon the citizens
- 13 who were member -- members of that militia and make promises to them, promise
- 14 them this or that. And that is how those forces joined the Sudanese forces.
- 15 Q. [10:10:17] And who was involved in calling upon these citizens?
- 16 A. [10:10:35] \* There was chief Ali Muhammad Ali \* Abd-Al-Rahman amongst
- 17 the powerful Arabs. The Arabs assembled around \* him and chose him as their
- leader. And he went on to call upon the horsemen and the other members to join.
- 19 Q. [10:11:00] How do you know that the Arabs chose Ali Muhammad Ali
- 20 Abd-Al-Rahman to be their leader?
- 21 A. [10:11:33] (No interpretation)
- 22 Q. [10:11:34] I'm sorry to stop you. I'm not receiving any translation of this.
- 23 A. [10:11:51] The leaders of the tribes always would meet with him in his little shop,
- 24 and they were with him there and chose him to be the strong man because he was
- a person who was capable of assembling people around him and facing off

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- 1 the enemy.
- 2 Q. [10:12:19] And when you say "him" and "his little shop", who are you referring
- 3 to?
- 4 A. [10:12:35] Well, in fact, he had a small shop where he sold medicines. He
- 5 provided medicine to people who were ill. He provided the necessary medicine.
- 6 And back then people would gather around him. He was a generous man. And
- 7 they came to see in him -- in him the man of the moment. Somebody who had
- 8 leadership qualities, somebody who could lead, assemble and lead forces. They
- 9 chose him because he was an experienced person, he was a former military man who
- 10 had seen combat in the south. Thank you.
- 11 Q. [10:13:27] Just for absolute clarity, when you say "he" and "him", who are you
- 12 referring to?
- 13 A. [10:13:40] Ali Muhammad Ali, or indeed.
- 14 Q. [10:13:46] And this person Ali Muhammad Ali, did you know him by any other
- 15 name?
- 16 A. [10:13:56] Yes. He was known as Ali Kushayb. He was known in
- 17 the Wadi Salih region, he was very well known. Ali Kushayb.
- 18 Q. [10:14:14] And you mentioned he had a small shop. Where was this small shop
- 19 located?
- 20 A. [10:14:29] The shop was in the centre of the market, near the Sudanese
- 21 agriculture register, or registry. It was right in the centre of the market.
- 22 Q. [10:14:48] Just to confirm, so the Sudanese agricultural registry, what was
- 23 the word you used?
- 24 A. [10:15:08] In fact, it was the Sudanese Agricultural Bank. The bank,
- 25 the Sudanese Agricultural Bank.

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- 1 Q. [10:15:18] And you said this person, Ali Kushayb, was involved in calling upon
- 2 the civilians to join the Janjaweed. What did you observe yourself in relation to this,
- 3 if anything?
- 4 A. [10:15:40] In fact, he only called upon the Arab citizens, not the Fur or those of
- 5 any other tribe, \* because they had chosen him as leader.
- 6 Q. [10:16:02] And do you know which Arab tribes he called upon?
- 7 A. [10:16:19] It was the members of the Salamat tribe. Well, a large number of
- 8 Arab tribes around Garsila. The Rizeigat. And he called upon all of them and they
- 9 came to swear allegiance to him. The citizens were very enthusiastic after that
- because the government promised to provide many things to them.
- 11 Q. [10:16:57] And what about the Beni Halba tribe? Did that tribe become
- 12 involved in this?
- 13 A. [10:17:11] Yes.
- 14 Q. [10:17:14] And the Al Habbaniyah tribe?
- 15 A. [10:17:23] The Habbaniyah tribe is very far from Garsila. There may have been
- individuals from that tribe, but the tribe itself is located very far from Garsila and so
- 17 did not directly participate.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [10:17:43] Can you just tell me which
- 19 paragraph you're on.
- 20 MS WHITFORD: [10:17:46] Apologies, your Honour. Paragraph 34.
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [10:17:51] Thank you.
- 22 MS WHITFORD:
- 23 Q. [10:17:53] And the Al-Khozam tribe, were they involved?
- 24 A. [10:18:04] Yes. Yes. In a direct fashion, yes.
- 25 Q. [10:18:10] And the Al Masiliya tribe, were they involved?

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- 1 A. [10:18:26] (No interpretation)
- 2 Q. [10:18:30] Masiliya.
- 3 A. [10:18:48] It was the Masalit tribe. There is no Masiliya tribe.
- 4 Q. [10:18:56] And which tribe did Ali Kushayb belong to?
- 5 A. [10:19:16] He was part of the Ta'aisha tribe. The Ta'aisha are far from Garsila,
- 6 but he lived in Garsila because he came from the armed forces and had settled in
- 7 Garsila, but he was from the Ta'aisha tribe. But, as I said, the origins of that tribe are
- 8 far, far removed from Garsila.
- 9 Q. [10:19:43] Can you explain how is it that Ali Kushayb from the Ta'aisha tribe can
- 10 lead people from all these other Arab tribes. How is that possible?
- 11 A. [10:20:06] Ali Kushayb was a man who was known in the region and he had
- been a soldier in the past, a member of the armed forces, and he had played a role in
- 13 the south of Sudan. He had also played a role in the conflict between the Ta'aisha
- 14 and the Salamat tribes. So he was known, he was known to be an experienced and
- 15 wise man.
- 16 Q. [10:20:39] You said he had a role in the conflict in South Sudan. Do you know
- 17 anything about his role there?
- 18 A. [10:20:54] Yes. Many people are familiar with anecdotes about him. He was
- 19 a member of the command. He was the officer in charge and in command of
- 20 the forces. He also had a disagreement with another officer and he was detained, he
- 21 was arrested, as was the other officer, the officer with whom he had had
- 22 a disagreement. Later he was transferred to the north. And so he was well known
- also within the armed forces.
- Q. [10:21:49] And this incident that you just described, can you tell us
- 25 approximately which year or even which decade that occurred?

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- 1 A. [10:22:05] No, no, no, I don't recall at all.
- 2 Q. [10:22:09] Do you know where Ali Kushayb was born?
- 3 A. [10:22:16] No. No, I don't know.
- 4 Q. [10:22:25] You said that he was formally in the Sudanese Armed Forces. Do
- 5 you know what his position in the armed forces was?
- 6 A. [10:22:43] When I knew him, he was assistant doctor in the armed forces.
- 7 Q. [10:22:58] And this nickname Kushayb, do you know how long he's had this
- 8 nickname?
- 9 A. [10:23:14] No, I don't know at all.
- 10 Q. [10:23:19] And did you know any other person in the Wadi Salih area in 2003 or
- 11 2004 by the name of Ali Kushayb?
- 12 A. [10:23:34] No. There was one in Zalingei, his friend who was called Hassan
- 13 Kushayb. That was his younger brother and he was with us in Zalingei.
- 14 MS WHITFORD: [10:23:52] Your Honour, I'd like to follow up on that, and it would
- 15 require private session, unfortunately.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [10:24:00] Yes.
- 17 (Private session at 10.24 a.m.)
- 18 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:24:14] We're in private session, Madam President.
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 23 THE WITNESS: [10:42:16](Interpretation) May I have some water, please?
- 24 MS WHITFORD: [10:42:20] Of course.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [10:42:20] Yes, could somebody give the witness

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- 1 some water please. Has he got a jug there? Oh, he has. All right.
- 2 MS WHITFORD: [10:42:47]
- 3 Q. [10:42:48] Mr Witness, I just have one point of clarification, and it may have
- 4 been an interpretation issue. Do you know what rank Ali Kushayb had when he
- 5 was in the Sudanese Armed Forces?
- 6 A. [10:43:08] I did not meet him when he was a service member of the SAF. What
- 7 I learned, however, is that he was a medical assistant within the unit where he served.
- 8 Q. [10:43:24] Thank you. I would like to move to a different topic now. Did
- 9 there ever come a time that military and security forces were withdrawn from
- 10 locations around Garsila?
- 11 A. [10:43:53] I don't remember when that happened, neither the date nor the time,
- 12 but forces were withdrawn from around Garsila and were -- and pulled back
- 13 somewhere else. They were withdrawn from the regions of Soja, Arawala, and
- were -- and these forces joined the other forces at HQ in Garsila.
- 15 Q. [10:44:30] What type of security forces were withdrawn, if you recall?
- 16 A. [10:44:43] These were small forces in the form of battalions. They had to join
- 17 the larger forces because they were in danger out there alone. And they had already
- 18 been the target of attacks.
- 19 Q. [10:45:07] And what were those forces in danger of?
- 20 A. [10:45:20] They were facing the forces of the rebels and the Janjaweed.
- 21 The outlaws living in the forests.
- 22 MS WHITFORD: [10:45:37] Apologise, your Honour, I'm at paragraph 63.
- 23 THE INTERPRETER: [10:45:42] Correction from the interpreter: The reference was
- 24 to platoons and not battalions in the earlier answer.
- 25 MS WHITFORD: [10:45:51]

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- 1 Q. [10:45:52] And, Mr Witness, were the police withdrawn also, or only
- 2 the military?
- 3 A. [10:46:06] All forces, police and military.
- 4 Q. [10:46:12] And were the security forces withdrawn from Deleig?
- 5 A. [10:46:22] No. They stayed in Deleig. They were even reinforced by other
- 6 forces.
- 7 Q. [10:46:33] Do you know why the security forces were not withdrawn from
- 8 Deleig?
- 9 A. [10:46:46] Deleig was the largest area after Garsila. The shartay or
- 10 the *mu'atamid* back then was from Deleig. That is why he was concerned with
- protecting his own region by sending the support forces to Deleig. But it was
- difficult because the other forces were far away and the route was not safe. There
- 13 was highway robbery taking place, armed highway robbery.
- 14 Q. [10:47:24] And what was the name of the mu'atamid at that time?
- 15 A. [10:47:35] Ja'afar Abd-Al-Hakam Ishaq. That was his name.
- 16 Q. [10:47:53] I think I can continue in public session, your Honour. I'll endeavour
- 17 to do so.
- 18 Did there come a time when you saw a military lorry arriving at the Garsila Sudanese
- 19 Armed Forces base?
- 20 That's paragraph 44, your Honour.
- 21 A. [10:48:23] Yes. This military truck came from Nyala under the leadership of
- 22 possibly Major Sharif. Also Master Sergeant, administrative Master
- 23 Sergeant Abdulkhalik. I don't remember the date, but that truck was of the ZY type.
- 24 It came to Wadi Salih and was loaded with a -- with a lot of weapons, military gear,
- 25 and attire. (Redacted)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 Q. [10:49:40] And these two officers, Major Al Sharif and Sergeant Abdulkhalik,
- 5 what forces did they belong to, if you know?
- 6 A. [10:49:58] They belonged to the PDF in Nyala.
- 7 Q. [10:50:09] And who was responsible for weapons and ammunition (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 A. [10:50:23] There were storage rooms and there were the trustees of those storage
- 10 rooms. One of them was Farhad Mohamed Bakir (phon), he was the first trustee
- 11 (Redacted) for the weapons storage rooms.
- 12 Q. [10:50:40] And was there a person who was most responsible in terms of
- 13 the weapons and ammunition at the base?
- 14 A. [10:50:57] Yes, there was a weapons officer, whose name I don't recall. And also
- 15 there was the general commander, the brigade leader, Muhammad Khatir \*Bakhat, he
- was directly in charge of this. But there was also a weapons officer.
- 17 Q. [10:51:22] What happened to those weapons and ammunition, sir? And to be
- clear, I'm talking about the weapons and ammunition that arrived on the lorry.
- 19 A. [10:51:44] They were distributed to the horsemen/knights, these were people
- 20 from the Arab tribes. I don't know how they were selected, but they were called to
- 21 come get weapons from the base. They were outside the base, under trees, and they
- came one by one, *umdah* by *umdah*, each to get weapons.
- 23 Q. [10:52:14] Do you recall how long after that lorry came to Garsila that this
- 24 distribution occurred?
- 25 A. [10:52:28] Just three days. There were arrangements for the weapons to be

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- 1 unloaded, to be handed over. That was on day one, day two. By day three
- 2 the weapons got distributed. And the distribution lasted two days.
- 3 Q. [10:52:46] Who participated in the distribution of the weapons at the base?
- 4 A. [10:52:58] \* Ali Muhammad Ali Kushayb took part in distributing the weapons
- 5 because he knew who should get weapons and how much each *umdah* should get.
- 6 So he was directly involved, as I said, and he was a regular citizen.
- 7 Q. [10:53:19] How did Ali Kushayb know who should get weapons?
- 8 A. [10:53:31] As I said, Arabs were gathered around him and they chose him to be
- 9 the leader of the forces. So he knew them, knew them by name.
- 10 Q. [10:53:48] And when you say that Ali Kushayb took part in this distribution,
- 11 what exactly was his role, that you saw?
- 12 A. [10:54:05] His role was to organise the citizens, because these horsemen/knights
- were regular citizens. He was organising them, he was telling each *umdah* to bring
- 14 a certain number of citizens with him to get the weapons, so he was organising
- 15 the *umdahs*. And the *umdahs*, in their turn, were organising the horsemen. And
- that's how the distribution transpired.
- 17 Q. [10:54:35] And how do you know that these people receiving the weapons were
- 18 *umdahs* and members of Janjaweed?
- 19 A. [10:54:53] Most of them were not familiar people to us, or to the garrison overall.
- 20 But Ali and his men knew them very well. They were organising them and Ali and
- 21 his men were accompanied by the intelligence officer Hamdi Sharaf-Al-Din, so he
- 22 knew -- they knew who those people were. Some officers (Redacted) knew
- 23 them and were helping Ali Kushayb handing the weapons.
- 24 Q. [10:55:24] What type of weapons were being distributed?
- 25 A. [10:55:33] Kalashnikov rifles. Also Goryunofat (phon) weapons, in addition to

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1 ammunition.

- 2 Q. [10:55:46] Just for clarity, did you say Goryunov weapons? And what is that?
- 3 A. [10:56:02] These are machine guns. They were typically given to a group of 11
- 4 or 12 persons. A group of 11 or 12 persons would get one Goryunov. It's a large
- 5 machine gun.
- 6 Q. [10:56:27] Can you estimate how many weapons were distributed during this
- 7 process.
- 8 A. [10:56:36] A thousand rifles. A thousand rifles had arrived on board that truck.
- 9 Most had been distributed. A small amount was kept in the depot and later on was
- 10 also distributed.
- 11 Q. [10:57:00] Can you estimate how many members of the Janjaweed received
- weapons on this -- during this process?
- 13 A. [10:57:15] I don't know their number.
- Q. [10:57:20] You said that this process took two days. Who was present from
- the Garsila armed forces during that process?
- 16 A. [10:57:38] First Lieutenant Hamdi Sharaf-Al-Din was the person first in charge
- or directly in charge. In addition to the commander of the brigade, Muhammad
- 18 Khatir \* Bakhat, who was overseeing this afar. But those who were handing
- 19 the weapons were Sharif, Abdulkhalik, these were the ones distributing the weapons.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [10:58:11] Are we in -- sorry, are we in public or
- 21 private session? I've completely lost the plot.
- 22 MS WHITFORD: [10:58:16] Public, your Honour.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [10:58:17] All right. Okay.
- 24 There's one question that I would like to ask, and I think probably better in private.
- 25 And we're nearly at the break. So let's just for a moment go into private session.

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- 1 And we'll take the break until 11.30.
- 2 Private, yeah.
- 3 (Private session at 10.58 a.m.)
- 4 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:58:49] We're in private session, Madam President.
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Redacted)
- (Redacted) 7
- 8 (Redacted)
- (Redacted) 9
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- (Redacted) 13
- 14 (Redacted)
- (Redacted) 15
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Upon resuming in open session at 11.33 a.m.)
- 3 THE COURT USHER: [11:33:52] All rise.
- 4 Please be seated.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:34:10] Just before you go on, Ms Whitford, as
- 6 you I'm sure have been told, there's a problem with the -- at the moment, you can't
- 7 change any of the channel -- or, rather, use any of the channels. Oh, you haven't
- 8 been told.
- 9 Well, I -- I asked for the witness -- sorry, I realised my button which brings up
- 10 the witness without the protective measures wasn't working, and it appears no
- buttons are working, so you can't show any documents at the moment on the screen.
- 12 And I understand that you've got videos to show the witness.
- 13 MS WHITFORD: [11:34:54] At this stage I'm not intending to show any video,
- 14 your Honour.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:02](Overlapping speakers)
- 16 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:03] There are videos on the list of materials, but I don't
- intend to use them, ultimately.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:08] You don't?
- 19 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:09] Videos, your Honour?
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:11] You don't intend or you do?
- 21 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:13] No, I don't. But (Overlapping speakers)
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:16](Overlapping speakers) Well, it's a matter
- 23 for you, Ms Whitford. And, all right, we'll discuss --
- 24 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:19](Overlapping speakers) We'll look at the matter.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:21] -- we'll discuss this at a later stage. But

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- 1 just so that you know that.
- 2 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:26] Okay.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:26] You can't show any documents on
- 4 the screen at the moment.
- 5 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:29](Overlapping speakers)
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:31] Can we go into public session? If we
- 7 are -- are we in public? Yeah, can we remain in public session at the moment?
- 8 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:40] Unfortunately, I have about -- less than five minutes,
- 9 maybe, yeah, and then we can go into public for extended period.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:47] All right. So just five minutes worth of
- 11 private?
- 12 MS WHITFORD: [11:35:51] Yes. Thank you, your Honour.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [11:35:54] All right. Okay. We'll go into private
- 14 session, then.
- 15 (Private session at 11.36 a.m.)
- 16 THE COURT OFFICER: [11:36:08] We're in private session, Madam President.
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Open session at 11.44 a.m.)
- 4 THE COURT OFFICER: [11:44:03] We're back into open session, Madam President.
- 5 MS WHITFORD: [11:44:10]
- 6 Q. [11:44:10] Mr Witness, were any weapons distributed, to your knowledge, to
- 7 non-Arab tribes?
- 8 And, your Honour, we're at paragraph 56.
- 9 A. [11:44:30] The remaining weapons, after they had been distributed, may have
- 10 been distributed to other persons. But the weapons were distributed in secret, when
- it comes to these left over weapons. The publicly distributed weapons, in front of
- 12 the barracks, were weapons that were distributed to the cavaliers of the Arab tribes.
- 13 Q. [11:45:00] Did members of the Fur tribe receive any weapons, to your
- 14 knowledge?
- 15 A. [11:45:12] No. They came with the *umdah* and the *sheikh*, but they were kept
- aside. Hamdi Sharaf-Al-Din, in the name of the Janjaweed or the *tora bora*, put them
- 17 aside, kept them aside.
- 18 Q. [11:45:39] You said the *umdahs* and the *sheikhs* came. What do you mean?
- 19 Where did they come to?
- 20 A. [11:45:53] They came to the place where the weapons were being distributed,
- 21 because they believed that they were citizens and that these weapons were being
- 22 distributed to the citizens. They presented themselves, they came as citizens, hoping
- 23 to obtain weapons. However, Hamdi excluded them, put them to the side. They
- came back -- or they went back, rather, to their homes. They were very annoyed.
- 25 And the weapons were -- kept being distributed.

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1 Q. [11:46:29] When you say they were very annoyed, did they complain to anyone

- 2 about that?
- 3 A. [11:46:42] They had -- they couldn't complain to anyone. This was a difficult
- 4 time. There was no one to complain to.
- 5 Q. [11:47:02] Mr Witness, in 2003, 2004, did you know who Ahmad Harun was?
- 6 A. [11:47:16] Yes. He was -- he worked at the interior ministry.
- 7 Q. [11:47:26] And would you have been able to recognise him if you saw him in
- 8 2003 or 2004?
- 9 A. [11:47:43] I think anyone would be able to recognise him. He was
- 10 a well-known person. He was very recognisable.
- 11 Q. [11:47:53] During 2003 and 2004, did Ahmad Harun ever visit the (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 A. [11:48:09] Yes. He visited three times. He visited the base three times.
- 14 The -- he came three times and he would meet with Ali Muhammad Ali, as well as
- 15 with the head of the battalion. He also came to meet the officers. He came three to
- 16 four times to the military base.
- 17 Q. [11:48:46] We can begin with the first time. Was that before or after
- 18 the distribution of weapons?
- 19 A. [11:48:58] This was after the weapon distribution. This was precisely on
- 20 the last day. This was the first time that he came to the base. I'm talking about
- 21 the minister, the minister of the interior. This was after the distribution of
- 22 the weapons on the second day.
- 23 Q. [11:49:26] And by what mode of transport did he arrive at the base?
- 24 A. [11:49:35] He came by helicopter. He travelled by military helicopter.
- Q. [11:49:43] And each time that he came to the base, was it by helicopter or by

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- 1 other modes?
- 2 A. [11:49:55] He came by helicopter every time.
- 3 Q. [11:50:01] The first time that Ahmad Harun came, was he accompanied by
- 4 anybody?
- 5 A. [11:50:12] Yes. He was accompanied by two brigadier generals, one from
- 6 the army -- one from the Popular Defence Forces and one from the intelligence
- 7 services. He was also accompanied by the head of the third division of Al Fasher.
- 8 Q. [11:50:46] The first time that Ahmad Harun came to the base, did you see what
- 9 he did while he was at the base?
- 10 A. [11:51:07] He left the aircraft and he gave the order to carry boxes from
- 11 the helicopter. And he distributed the contents of these boxes, first of all to Ali. He
- 12 received a full box. And the commander of the barracks also received a full box.
- 13 The commander of the police also received a full box, as well as the leader of
- 14 the internal security forces. They all received boxes.
- 15 Q. [11:51:50] And do you know what was contained in those boxes?
- 16 A. [11:52:05] When they opened the box of the commander of the barracks, I was
- 17 nearby. There was a large amount of money. He immediately closed the box and I
- 18 couldn't see anything more.
- 19 Q. [11:52:39] During any of Ahmad Harun's visits to (Redacted), did you see
- 20 him meeting with anybody?
- 21 A. [11:53:00] Apart from the armed forces and the *mu'atamid*, whom he also met
- with, I do not remember him meeting anyone else.
- 23 Q. [11:53:19] And you said he was accompanied by a brigadier general from
- 24 the Popular Defence Forces. Where was that brigadier general based normally, do

25 you know?

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- 1 A. [11:53:39] Khartoum. This was the commander of the Popular Defence Forces
- 2 in Sudan.
- 3 Q. [11:53:57] Earlier you said that when Ahmad Harun came to the base, he would
- 4 meet with Ali Muhammad Ali. What do you recall about any of those meetings?
- 5 A. [11:54:13] I don't really remember. He would come. He would meet with him
- 6 privately, not publicly. I did not have the opportunity to hear what they talked
- 7 about.
- 8 Q. [11:54:37] Just one point of clarification. You said, when these boxes that you
- 9 say contained money were distributed, one was given to Ali. Who was Ali?
- 10 A. [11:54:59] This was Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman. He received two to
- 11 three such boxes. He had the lion's share.
- 12 Q. [11:55:17] In 2003, 2004, were there any military operations carried out in
- 13 the Wadi Salih area?
- 14 A. [11:55:33] You mean military operations by the Popular Defence Forces?
- 15 Q. [11:55:41] I'm referring to any military operations that deployed from Garsila to
- the area of Wadi Salih.
- 17 A. [11:55:58] Garsila is in Wadi Salih, and so the military operations that started
- 18 there were operations -- were military operations, without any reinforcements by
- other forces, in order to fight against the Janjaweed, the outlaws. This was in order
- 20 the situation not to get out of hand.
- 21 Q. [11:56:34] It was interpreted that the forces were fighting against the Janjaweed,
- 22 the outlaws. I'm not sure I understand that answer. Could you explain.
- 23 A. [11:56:54] Yes. There was theft carried out by the Janjaweed who were
- 24 attacking villages and they would pillage these villages. They would take money
- 25 from the Fur, they would steal cattle. As a consequence, a unit was created by

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1 the police and the army in order to fight these forces. Sometimes they could not

- 2 manage to arrest them.
- 3 Q. [11:57:31] And what about military operations launched from Garsila in relation
- 4 to rebels in Wadi Salih, were there any in 2003, 2004?
- 5 A. [11:57:49] Yes. First of all, Mr Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman, as -- as
- 6 leader of the Arab forces, of these horsemen, he brought together these forces in
- 7 a region called Korto and he led them towards Drissa and Silik and Tanako. Certain
- 8 army forces participated in this with him under the leadership of Muhammad Khatir
- 9 \* Bakhat, the commander, and they went to Tanako. They first attacked the rebels.
- 10 They were then scattered. Then they went to the region of Silik and then to Drissa.
- 11 The operations were concluded against the rebels in different regions and then they
- 12 came back victorious.
- 13 Q. [11:59:03] Can you recall approximately when this operation took place?
- 14 A. [11:59:16] This was in 2003. This I remember. I remember this operation by
- 15 these forces. And then when they gathered in Korto, they established a camp at
- 16 Al Mangaya and then they were brought to the region of Arawala -- Arawala. They
- 17 were deployed towards Arawala, Bindisi, Mukjar and at Arawala.
- 18 Afterwards, these forces were directed towards the region of Segei, Mara, Segei Maro,
- 19 at Arawala and Gaba. They scattered the rebel forces and then he also returned
- 20 victorious.
- Q. [12:00:24] I'd first like to focus on the first military operation, the one to the area
- 22 of Tanako. Did that occur before or after the weapons distribution at the Garsila
- 23 base?
- 24 A. [12:00:43] Yes.
- 25 Q. [12:00:47] Was it before -- was that operation conducted before or after

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1 the distribution at (Redacted)?

- 2 A. [12:01:04] After the distribution of weapons. And it was useful to boost
- 3 the morale of the knights so that they get the job done effectively. So it was after
- 4 the distribution of weapons.
- 5 Q. [12:01:22] You mentioned a camp at Korto. What was this camp in Korto?
- 6 A. [12:01:36] It was not a set-up, a built camp. It's an area at the \* outskirts of
- 7 the town. There were trees. And it used to be a pitch for horseraces and they chose
- 8 that location to gather them. It was useful to gather them, and from there they
- 9 headed out. But it was not a set-up, built camp.
- 10 Q. [12:02:08] And who was gathered there in Korto?
- 11 A. [12:02:19] Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman and the knights.
- 12 Q. [12:02:27] Was there any involvement of the Popular Defence Forces in
- the operation in Tanako and the areas nearby?
- 14 A. [12:02:40] Yes. The PDF, in essence, are the Arabs under the command of Ali,
- 15 Ali Muhammad Ali. So it's the PDF who joined Ali.
- 16 Q. [12:03:03] Do you know the name of any PDF officer who participated in that
- 17 operation?
- 18 A. [12:03:14] Well, they're not officers. They are horsemen or knights, they are
- 19 leaders in their respective tribes. They're not officers like the officers of the army
- 20 and so forth. Their commander was the PDF coordinator Abd-Al-Rahman Dawud.
- 21 Q. [12:03:37] And did Abd-Al-Rahman Dawud have another name that he went
- 22 by?
- 23 A. [12:03:48] Yes. Hassaballah Dawud.
- Q. [12:03:56] Do you know the name of any Janjaweed leader who participated in
- 25 that operation in the area of Tanako?

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- 1 A. [12:04:13] As I said, in essence, these were not well recognised leaders. They
- 2 were tribal chiefs who gathered, like Muhammad Bonjouse who was the leader of
- 3 the Rizeigat tribe and whose group was the largest among those participating. There
- 4 were others whose names I do not recall.
- 5 Q. [12:04:55] To be clear, was the group of Muhammad Bonjouse participating in
- 6 the operation near Tanako?
- 7 A. [12:05:11] Correct. His group was the largest among those participating.
- 8 Q. [12:05:22] Did Ali Kushayb and Muhammad Bonjouse know each other?
- 9 A. [12:05:36] Yes, they were acquainted with each other and they were in the same
- 10 location. Bonjouse was from Simbi Sey, Ali Kushayb was from Garsila. They knew
- each other and they were all leaders at that time. But eventually they disagreed.
- 12 Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman and Muhammad Bonjouse disagreed after
- 13 coming back from Tanako, Drissa and Silik. They had a disagreement and,
- 14 consequently, Ali fired Muhammad Bonjouse from his deputy position and even took
- 15 away his machine gun. He called him a coward and took away his machine gun.
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- Q. [12:07:08] When you say that Muhammad Bonjouse was a deputy, who was he
- 23 a deputy to?
- 24 A. [12:07:23] Deputy of Muhammad -- correction: Ali Muhammad Ali
- 25 Abd-Al-Rahman. He was number two after Ali Muhammad Abd-Al-Rahman.

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1 And he was the strongest force available to Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman,

- 2 Ali Kushayb. The toughest force.
- 3 THE INTERPRETER: [12:07:45] Correction: The largest force.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:07:47] What does that mean?
- 5 MS WHITFORD: [12:07:50]
- 6 Q. [12:07:51] Could you explain your last answer when you say it was the largest
- 7 force available to Ali Kushayb. What do you mean?
- 8 A. [12:08:04] Yes, when they took action, when they went to Tanako, the largest
- 9 force that Ali Kushayb relied on was his force. And every area that Ali Kushayb
- 10 targeted, he relied mostly on the Nubians, the Rizeigat Arabs who lived around
- 11 Garsila.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:08:33] So you mean he had the -- you mean
- Bonjouse had the largest number of men available?
- 14 THE WITNESS: [12:08:50](Interpretation) Yes.
- 15 MS WHITFORD: [12:08:55]
- 16 Q. [12:08:55] Can you give us any approximate estimation of how many Janjaweed
- 17 troops or members were involved in the Tanako operation?
- 18 A. [12:09:09] I don't know that. These were citizens who mobilised not in an
- 19 organised way. Many men from many tribes just mobilised like that. There
- 20 was -- they did not follow a particular system for their number to be identifiable.
- 21 Q. [12:09:38] How did the number of Janjaweed troops in that operation compare
- 22 with the number of troops of the Sudanese army, do you know?
- 23 A. [12:09:54] The -- the Janjaweed or the knights, that's how they were called in
- 24 general, they were the largest force. As to the army, it was a limited force,
- 25 a simple -- correction: A small force. And they only had a supporting role and they

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- 1 used light arms such as Dushkas and \* mortars, so the army force was small.
- 2 Q. [12:10:31] And in terms of the mode of transport used, how did the Sudanese
- 3 Armed Forces move?
- 4 A. [12:10:46] There were three or four vehicles only. As to the Janjaweed,
- 5 the knights, they were on horseback, camelback, and also other means of transport.
- 6 Q. [12:11:03] And how did members of the Popular Defence Forces travel on
- 7 operations like this?
- 8 A. [12:11:19] They had Cruiser vehicles. They had PDF-specific Cruiser vehicles.
- 9 Ali Kushayb had his own Cruiser vehicle. Muhammad Bonjouse also had his own
- 10 vehicle.
- 11 Q. [12:11:45] Do you know how Ali Kushayb got his own vehicle? And what type
- 12 of vehicle was it?
- 13 A. [12:11:58] I don't know how he obtained that vehicle, but I know that it was
- 14 a Land Cruiser.
- 15 Q. [12:12:09] Do you recall what colour his vehicle was?
- 16 A. [12:12:18] It was a regular kind of colour. It was an agbash (phon) colour,
- 17 similar to the colour of the ground here in this courtroom.
- MS WHITFORD: [12:12:32] For the transcript, the witness is pointing at the floor of
- 19 the courtroom in Courtroom 2.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:12:42] For the purposes of the record, it's
- 21 a light-coloured wood.
- 22 MS WHITFORD: [12:12:49] Thank you, your Honour.
- 23 Q. [12:12:55] And you said that Hassaballah also participated in this operation.
- 24 How would Hassaballah travel normally?
- 25 A. [12:13:11] He had his own vehicle, a Land Cruiser. He, along with his soldiers,

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- 1 took part in the process, in addition to his soldiers who had joined Ali.
- 2 Q. [12:13:44] And was this operation successful? Were the rebels defeated, do you
- 3 know?
- 4 A. [12:13:54] Yes. The insurgents were defeated. And were it not for this
- 5 operation, the insurgents would have taken over the region of Garsila, would have
- 6 occupied it. But Garsila's -- but Ali Kushayb's -- but Ali's operation was successful in
- 7 quenching the insurgency in Wadi Salih.
- 8 Q. [12:14:28] And were you given any information about how Ali Kushayb had
- 9 performed as a commander during that operation?
- 10 A. [12:14:43] His performance was good. His performance was characterised with
- 11 manhood and strength. His performance was good.
- 12 MS WHITFORD: [12:15:05] Your Honour, if we could just briefly move into private
- 13 session to get the basis of knowledge.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:15:11] Yes.
- 15 (Private session at 12.15 p.m.)
- 16 THE COURT OFFICER: [12:15:21] We are in private session, Madam President.
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Open session at 12.32 p.m.)
- 7 THE COURT OFFICER: [12:32:16] We're back into open session, Madam President.
- 8 MS WHITFORD: [12:32:24]
- 9 Q. [12:32:24] Mr Witness, you mentioned a moment ago *Umdah* Mohamed
- 10 Suleiman Abdulshafa of Tanako, who you said fled and was surrendered. Could
- 11 you explain what occurred in relation to the *umdah*.
- 12 A. [12:33:00] The *umdah* Mohamed Suleiman Abdulshafa was ill. He was on
- 13 the run. When his region was attacked, he fled towards the mountains.
- 14 Afterwards, he went to see his brother in Garsila. His brother then took him to
- the *mu'atamid* and told him, "This is the *Umdah* Abdulshafa, so the -- so you don't
- 16 have to go look for him. We brought him here." And the *mu'atamid* organised
- a closed meeting and informed them that the *umdah* Abdulshafa, who had
- 18 escaped -- who had fled his region had come to them, and they all agreed to say that
- 19 this *umdah* had to be surrendered to the barracks.
- 20 He was considered to be a rebel. He was thus brought to the barracks. And
- 21 (Redacted) in the officials' prison, the civil servants' prison.
- 22 Q. [12:34:28] When you refer to the *mu'atamid*, are you referring to
- 23 Ja'afar Abd-Al-Hakam again?
- 24 A. [12:34:38] Yes.
- 25 Q. [12:34:43] Your Honour, we're at paragraph 74 now.

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1 This meeting that you said was convened. What kind of meeting was that?

- 2 A. [12:35:04] It was a meeting for the leaders in the region that were members of
- 3 the local security committee. These were officers of the internal security. There
- 4 was the rapporteur, there was the police chief. The head of the military barracks was
- 5 also present. There was also the commander of the interior security forces. They
- 6 met in order to discuss the situation of Mohamed Abdulshafa, because according to
- 7 the information that they had, he was helping the rebels by providing them with
- 8 training and everything that they needed. So they discussed his case in order to take
- 9 a decision. They discussed this issue and then he was placed in the barracks.
- 10 Q. [12:35:56] And how do you know what was decided by this security committee
- 11 in this case?
- 12 A. [12:36:12] The security committee was a closed committee. And as for
- 13 Mohamed Abdulshafa, the *umdah*, what we could glean in the end was that he had
- been detained by the armed forces within the barracks.
- 15 Q. [12:36:40] Was the *umdah* interrogated?
- 16 A. [12:36:48] Yes. He was first questioned (Redacted), and it was
- 17 the intelligence officer in charge who interrogated him. I don't know what
- 18 happened afterwards, but in the following days he underwent questioning by two
- 19 officers. First of all, by an intelligence officer at the (Redacted) barracks, and also by
- 20 an officer from Zalingei. I am not aware of the details.
- 21 Afterwards, when we went there the next day, we saw that he was ill and that his
- 22 situation had gotten worse. We thought of perhaps sending him to hospital.
- 23 Q. [12:37:59] You say that the intelligence officer in charge interrogated him. Are
- 24 you referring to Hamdi?
- 25 A. [12:38:10] Yes.

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- 1 Q. [12:38:13] And do you recall the -- sorry. Do you recall the name of
- 2 the intelligence officer from Zalingei who was involved in interrogating the *umdah*?
- 3 A. [12:38:28] Yes. This was a first lieutenant whose name was Seif-Al-Din Ahmad
- 4 Bakhit.
- 5 Q. [12:38:41] Just for the transcript, was the name Seif-Al-Din Ali Bakhit?
- 6 A. [12:38:52] It was Seif-Al-Din Ahmad Ali Bakhit. Seif-Al-Din Ahmad Ali Bakhit.
- 7 Q. [12:39:03] Do you recall if anyone else was involved in interrogating the *umdah*?
- 8 A. [12:39:30] Yes. We came the next day and we saw that the situation had gotten
- 9 worse because he was already sick.
- 10 Q. [12:39:41] Do you recall if any other civilian was arrested and brought to
- 11 the Garsila base at around this same time?
- 12 A. [12:39:59] Yes. All the civil servants were not members of the military,
- including the civil servant who was in charge of the Garsila area. They were not
- 14 members of the military. They were interrogated and then they were released,
- 15 because we found that they -- they were found innocent.
- 16 Q. [12:40:35] Do you know a man by the name of Hassan Adam Musa?
- 17 A. [12:40:47] Yes. Hassan Adam Musa was the immediate neighbour of
- 18 Ali Kushayb. Hassan Adam Musa was a vet -- a veterinary doctor, and he was
- 19 called, together with the leader of the western district. He was summoned to
- 20 the barracks.
- 21 Q. [12:41:21] Who brought Hassan Adam Musa to the barracks?
- 22 A. [12:41:35] Ali Muhammad Ali, of course. It was his next door neighbour. It
- 23 was his neighbour and he brought him together with the *sheikh*, the *sheikh* of
- 24 the western neighbourhood. He could have protected them. He was the *sheikh*
- 25 (Redacted), whose name was Ismail Abdulaziz, but he was known as Ismail Dikobi.

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1 They were detained within the barracks.

- 2 Q. [12:42:14] Do you know on whose order Hassan Adam Musa and Sheikh Ismail
- 3 Dikobi were arrested?
- 4 A. [12:42:31] This was -- these instructions were given by Ali Muhammad Ali
- 5 Abd-Al-Rahman.
- 6 Q. [12:42:41] How do you know that?
- 7 A. [12:42:56] They were brought to the barracks. And when we asked them
- 8 the question to see why they had been summoned there, we were told that this was
- 9 because of instructions issued by Ali Kushayb.
- 10 Q. [12:43:17] Did Hassan Adam Musa and Ali Kushayb know each other, to your
- 11 knowledge?
- 12 A. [12:43:30] Yes, they were neighbours. The two houses are adjacent to each
- 13 other.
- 14 Q. [12:43:39] And do you know anything about the relationship between the two
- 15 men?
- A. [12:43:54] I am not really aware of the relationship, but I know that one is from
- 17 the Fur tribe and the other one is from the Al Ta'aisha tribe. They had neighbourly
- 18 relations.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:44:12] I think the question was meant to be how
- 20 did they, the two men get on with each other.
- 21 THE WITNESS: [12:44:26](Interpretation) No, no. Hassan one day went to
- 22 complain about Ali Kushayb to the Dikobi -- to Chief Dikobi. He went to complain
- 23 about Ali Kushayb and said that Ali would -- was harassing him in his home. And
- so the leader brought the two men together and asked Ali to stop going to his
- 25 neighbour's house. And in the end Ali stopped going to this house, but maybe after

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- the beginning of the conflict this may have been an opportunity for him to seek
- 2 revenge.
- 3 MS WHITFORD: [12:45:27]
- 4 Q. [12:45:29] When you say Ali Kushayb was harassing Hassan Adam Musa in his
- 5 home, what did you mean by that?
- 6 A. [12:45:52] These were actually rumours in the village. According to these, Ali
- 7 was harassing his wife. And Garsila is a small village. These rumours spread
- 8 quickly. We heard rumours that stated that Ali was harassing Hassan Musa's wife,
- 9 and Hassan Musa went to Dikobi, to the chief Dikobi to complain. The chief brought
- 10 the two men together. And after that, each of the men went back to their own homes
- and they stopped in a certain way being enemies.
- 12 Q. [12:46:49] Just for clarity, when you say the word "harassing", what do you
- 13 mean?
- 14 A. [12:47:15] The meaning is well known. He would go and dishonour
- 15 the -- the man's wife when the man wasn't there. These were the rumours that were
- spreading around the village.
- 17 Q. [12:47:32] Did anybody in the Garsila base approve the detention of Hassan
- 18 Adam Musa and *Sheikh* Ismail?
- 19 A. [12:47:47] No, nobody agreed with this. (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted) And no one agreed with this order.
- 22 Q. [12:48:12] Can you explain how is it that Ali Kushayb, a Janjaweed leader, can
- 23 have people arrested and detained at the armed forces base. How is that possible?
- 24 A. [12:48:36] Ali Muhammad Ali didn't have a special place to detain the people
- 25 who were arrested. He would use his vehicle to move around the village. As

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- a consequence, everyone who was arrested by him was then detained at the barracks,
- 2 because within the barracks there was a place for detaining people.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:49:14] Well, now you've returned to that, there
- 4 was something I wanted clarification on.
- 5 You said earlier, sir, and this is at page 56 of LiveNote, that Ali Kushayb did
- 6 investigations and eventually took over the process.
- 7 What do you mean by, first of all, he did the investigations?
- 8 THE WITNESS: [12:50:07](Interpretation) I didn't really understand the question.
- 9 Could you please explain this to me again.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:50:13] Yeah, I'll read you your exact answer, sir.
- 11 I just made a note.
- 12 Oh, sorry, did I say page 56?
- 13 Yes. Right at the bottom. You said, sir, that -- you were talking about the arrest of
- 14 Mohamed Suleiman Abdulshafa, and you said: "His brother surrendered him to
- 15 the local security committee [who] handed him (Redacted)."
- And you said this: "... at the end Ali Kushayb took over this. He did a lot of
- investigations and he took over the process."
- 18 And I wondered if you could explain that, what you mean by that.
- 19 THE WITNESS: [12:52:05](Interpretation) When it comes to Mohamed Suleiman
- 20 Abdulshafa, after he had been brought to the barracks, and of course Ali came to visit
- 21 him there because he had fled from Tanako and Ali was responsible, was in charge of
- 22 operations at Tanako. And since he'd fled in Tanako, he came to visit him. And
- 23 then he left. He had asked the security committee, he asked that the *umdah* be
- 24 delivered to him. But the *umdah* was not delivered to him. He was brought to the
- 25 barracks. He was detained there (Redacted). But then Ali came and got him

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- 1 (Redacted). He retrieved him from there.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:53:04] Yes. What I'm trying to understand, sir,
- 3 is this: Is it your evidence that Ali Kushayb actually conducted interrogations
- 4 generally?
- 5 THE WITNESS: [12:53:31](Interpretation) No. He did not interrogate anyone
- 6 (Redacted). He came to visit this person who had fled from Tanako, the umdah
- 7 Abdulshafa, and then he left. He would have wanted to arrest him in Tanako in the
- 8 forest.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:53:57] So this was a single occasion when he
- 10 intervened?
- 11 THE WITNESS: [12:54:17](Interpretation) You mean that Ali intervened one single
- 12 time, is that what you mean?
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:54:22] Yes. Are you saying this is the only time
- 14 he intervened in the -- the process of arrest and interrogation?
- 15 THE WITNESS: [12:54:41](Interpretation) Yes, because he was not in fact
- 16 responsible for interrogations. He was in charge of operations, the horsemen's
- operations at Tanako and Drissa. And he was chasing the *umdah* Abdulshafa
- because he considered this *umdah* to be a forming -- to be training rebels in the forest.
- 19 He'd worked hard to try and stop him in that region, but he couldn't arrest him since
- 20 the *umdah* had fled. So \* he came to visit him and found him at the barracks where
- 21 he was being detained. He came to visit him and then spoke to the person in charge
- of the barracks, the person who's responsible for security, and asked him to be
- 23 delivered to him.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:55:41] All right.
- 25 So, finally, to go back to where Ms Whitford started this off, it wasn't that he had

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- 1 the power generally to have people arrested and detained?
- 2 THE WITNESS: [12:56:16](Interpretation) Even if he had wanted to, if he had had
- 3 the power to detain people, he didn't have a place to detain them, because he was on
- 4 the move and did not have a permanent place of detention in order to be able to
- 5 detain people.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:56:31] All right. I don't know, Ms Whitford, I
- 7 think we've gone around in a circle somewhat, but it doesn't sound as though
- 8 the question that you asked is based on what he's really saying. That's why I was
- 9 trying to work it out.
- 10 THE WITNESS: [12:57:07](No interpretation)
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:57:08] Did you want water?
- 12 THE WITNESS: [12:57:10](Speaks English) Yes.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [12:57:10] Okay. I'll tell you what, sir. It's nearly
- 14 1 o'clock. We'll take the break at this stage. So we've got a much longer break now
- until 2.30. And again, if you just remember not to discuss the evidence with
- 16 anybody.
- 17 Yes, very well. 2.30, please.
- 18 THE COURT USHER: [12:57:34] All rise.
- 19 (Recess taken at 12.57 p.m.)
- 20 (Upon resuming in open session at 2.40 p.m.)
- 21 THE COURT USHER: [14:40:43] All rise.
- 22 Please be seated.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [14:41:14] Yeah.
- 24 We are in public session at the moment, Ms Whitford. Can we stay there? All

25 right.

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- 1 MS WHITFORD: [14:41:23] Yes, your Honour.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [14:41:24] Sir, welcome back. I'm afraid we had to
- 3 move courts because there are technical problems. All right.
- 4 Yes, Ms Whitford.
- 5 MS WHITFORD: [14:41:41]
- 6 Q. [14:41:43] Good afternoon, Mr Witness.
- 7 In your evidence this morning you mentioned a military operation in the area of
- 8 Bindisi and Mukjar. Do you recall that?
- 9 A. [14:42:01] No, I do not remember that at all. When it was, I don't know. But
- there was an attack on Bindisi and on Mukjar, but I do not recall when exactly that
- 11 was.
- 12 Q. [14:42:18] And what forces participated in that operation, to your knowledge?
- 13 A. [14:42:29] The rebels. Abd-Al-Wahid was a rebel, and his forces attacked these
- 14 cities. They attacked the forces that protected these two areas.
- 15 Q. [14:42:53] And following those rebel attacks, was there any response, militarily,
- 16 from the Government of Sudan?
- 17 A. [14:43:04] Yes. What matters is the forces that were there, they managed to
- 18 repel the attack, but there was no support from Zalingei or Garsila.
- 19 Q. [14:43:24] Sometime after that event, was there any other military operation in
- 20 the area of Bindisi and Mukjar?
- 21 A. [14:43:37] No.
- 22 Q. [14:43:49] In your evidence this morning, you also mentioned military operation
- occurring in Segei, Segei Mara, Arawala and Gaba. I'd like to ask you about that
- 24 operation now.
- 25 Which forces carried out that military operation?

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- 1 A. [14:44:26] The forces \* of Muhammad Ali ... Kushayb.
- 2 Q. [14:44:36] And did you receive any information about what happened during
- 3 that military operation?
- 4 A. [14:44:52] The Ali's forces defeated the rebellion in this area, then returned to
- 5 Garsila.
- 6 Q. [14:45:11] In relation to Arawala, did you have any information about whether
- 7 there was a rebel --
- 8 A. [14:45:18] Arawala too. They reached Arawala and even further, and they
- 9 burned down all villages, people were forced to escape to the mountains.
- 10 Q. [14:45:37] Did you receive any information about whether there was any rebel
- 11 presence in Arawala at that time?
- 12 A. [14:45:52] Yes. After the government forces withdrew, Arawala had some
- 13 remaining rebels. And the rebels were all children of that area. They grew up in
- 14 that area. They were attacked, the villages were burned down, and people fled to
- 15 the mountains for fear for their lives.
- 16 Q. [14:46:27] And do you recall whether after Arawala those forces went to any
- 17 other village?
- 18 A. [14:46:39] Yes. They went to Deleig. And some of them went all the way to
- 19 Nyala, \* went as far as Kalma.
- 20 Q. [14:46:58] For your reference, your Honour, I'm at paragraph 112 now.
- 21 Did you know the *shartay* of Arawala in 2003, 2004?
- 22 A. [14:47:16] *Shartay* Bashar. His name was Bashar.
- Q. [14:47:21] Do you know what happened to *Shartay* Bashar after the attack on
- 24 Arawala?
- 25 A. [14:47:33] Yes, he fled with the citizens. They went to the mountains. After

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- 1 that, he came to Garsila.
- 2 Q. [14:47:50] Were there any other community leaders from that area that were
- 3 displaced to Garsila at that time?
- 4 A. [14:48:04] Yes. The umdahs, the umdah of Gaba and Forgo. No, not Forgo.
- 5 Yes, Forgo. And all these *umdahs*, they went to Garsila.
- 6 Q. [14:48:29] Do you recall the name of the *umdah* of Forgo?
- 7 A. [14:48:38] Yes. Adam Adam Kindiri. Adam Adam Kindiri.
- 8 Q. [14:48:48] And do you recall the name of the *umdah* of Gaba at that time?
- 9 A. [14:48:55] Yes. His name was *Umdah* Jiddo Khamis. Jiddo Khamis.
- 10 Q. [14:49:16] Was there a PDF commander in Garsila?
- 11 A. [14:49:26] Yes. There was a coordinator, and this coordinator may be even
- 12 higher than the commander, and he was positioned in Garsila.
- 13 Q. [14:49:41] Do you remember the name of that PDF coordinator?
- 14 A. [14:49:48] Yes. Hassaballah Dawud. Hassaballah Dawud.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [14:50:05] Sorry, when you say "coordinator",
- 16 coordinator between whom, sir?
- 17 THE WITNESS: [14:50:17](Interpretation) He coordinated between the Popular
- 18 Defence Force and the citizens. And the name of coordinator was given to
- 19 the coordinator, but he mainly, in addition to leading, he coordinated between
- 20 the government and the civilian forces.
- 21 MS WHITFORD: [14:51:08]
- 22 Q. [14:51:08] Was the -- was there a difference between a PDF commander and
- 23 a PDF coordinator? Are there two different positions?
- 24 A. [14:51:24] Yes. First, a commander leads the Popular Defence and leads them
- 25 in military operations. However, the coordinator arranges the ammunition, food

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- and water. So a coordinator has a bigger role. The leader or the commander leads
- 2 military operations, but the coordinator liaises with the government.
- 3 Q. [14:52:03] Is the person occupying the coordinator role a civilian or military?
- 4 A. [14:52:14] He is a civilian. Hassaballah Dawud was a civilian, not a military
- 5 person.
- 6 Q. [14:52:33] Did you know anyone else in Garsila who had a role in the PDF?
- 7 A. [14:52:46] The mu'atamid. The mu'atamid was in charge of them all. But when
- 8 Ali Kushayb started playing his role, he was in charge of all of them.
- 9 Q. [14:53:11] Did somebody occupy the role of coordinator before Hassaballah?
- 10 A. [14:53:20] Yes. There was a coordinator whose name was -- I cannot remember
- 11 his name, but there was a coordinator. \* Khalaf Hassaballah. No. Jenif. Jenif
- was the coordinator of Garsila, and he was removed from office and Hassaballah took
- 13 over.
- 14 Q. [14:53:55] What tribe did Jenif belong to?
- 15 A. [14:54:04] To the Fur tribe.
- 16 Q. [14:54:09] Do you know where Jenif was originally from?
- 17 A. [14:54:20] I do not know his exact origin. He was a Fur person and he came as
- an employee to Garsila. He worked in agriculture, but due to his position in Garsila
- 19 he was appointed as -- he was appointed to the PDF. Jenif was an educated person
- and he was able to coordinate and speak on behalf of the Popular Defence Force.
- 21 Q. [14:55:07] Was Jenif appointed to the PDF before or after the conflict began?
- 22 A. [14:55:18] Before the conflict started.
- 23 Q. [14:55:26] You said that Shartay Bashar, Umdah Adam Adam Kindiri and Umdah
- 24 Jiddo Khamis were displaced to Garsila. Do you know what happened to them
- 25 when they arrived in Garsila?

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- 1 A. [14:55:49] They arrived and the *mu'atamid* was informed, and the *mu'atamid*
- 2 brought Adam Kindiri and the *umdah* Jiddo Khamis to the police station. But
- 3 the *shartay* stayed with him at the *mu'atamid* office because he was sick.
- 4 Q. [14:56:19] And why did the mu'atamid bring Adam Kindiri and Umdah Jiddo and
- 5 the *shartay*? What was -- what was his role, the *mu'atamid*?
- 6 A. [14:56:43] As a mu'atamid, he took them away. And those who were brought to
- 7 the police station, they were released because they did not participate in the events.
- 8 Q. [14:57:10] Do you know what occurred at the police station prior to their release?
- 9 Was there any meeting?
- 10 A. [14:57:30] After they were released, they went to Deleig, because their families
- 11 left Arawala after the attack and went to Deleig. So they joined their families in
- 12 Deleig.
- 13 Q. [14:57:51] I'm not sure if there's a misunderstanding of terminology here.
- 14 You're talking about the police station. What police station are you talking about?
- 15 A. [14:58:14] Police.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [14:58:23] I think you need to ask the question again,
- 17 Ms Whitford, as to where they were taken when they were brought to Garsila and see
- 18 where we get to.
- 19 MS WHITFORD: [14:58:32] Yes.
- 20 Q. [14:58:33] Mr Witness, when Shartay Bashar, Umdah Kindiri and Umdah
- 21 Jiddo Khamis came to Garsila, where were they brought?
- 22 A. [14:58:49] They were brought to the house of the *mu'atamid*. And there, there
- 23 was a meeting regarding them. *Umdah* Kindiri and Jiddo Khamis were brought to
- 24 the \* garrison, to the guards. And he kept *Umdah* Bashar with him -- he kept
- 25 the *umdah* with him because he was sick.

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1 Q. [14:59:27] Do I understand correctly then that Shartay Bashar was released and

- Q. [14.37.27] Do I understand correctly then that Shurtuy Dashar was released and
- 2 not detained?
- 3 A. [14:59:42] Yes. He was sick, and when he was released his children brought
- 4 him to Khartoum, where he passed away.
- 5 Q. [14:59:55] And in relation to *Umdah* Kindiri and *Umdah* Khamis, were they
- 6 detained?
- 7 A. [15:00:05] No, they were released. And they went to Deleig and they were
- 8 arrested in Deleig.
- 9 Q. [15:00:16] Before they were released and went to Deleig, did you see them in
- 10 Garsila?
- 11 A. [15:00:28] Yes. When they were released, I took them to the house of one of my
- 12 relatives who is an in-law of theirs. They had a meal there, they had breakfast, and I
- 13 told them, "Now you are targeted. It is your country, but you are targeted here. So
- it is better that you leave this place and that you come back after things calm down."
- 15 And they had with them the coordinator and he said that "We left Arawala with
- 16 nothing. We had nothing except for the clothes that we had on our bodies, so
- 17 we cannot really leave this area. Our children are in a bad state." So I left them and
- 18 went on my way.
- 19 Q. [15:01:31] When you say they had with them the coordinator, are you referring
- 20 to Jenif?
- 21 A. [15:01:39] Yes, Jenif.
- 22 Q. [15:01:43] And you said you took them to the house of a relative. Where did
- 23 you bring them from to that house?
- 24 A. [15:02:00] (Redacted), from the hamia (phon). After
- 25 the directions came to release them, they were released. I picked them up and I took

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- 1 them with me. Because they were in a very bad state.
- Q. [15:02:21] I'm sorry to ask many questions about this, but just to be really clear.
- 3 You said *hamia* or the prison. Which prison, where?
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [15:04:47] Ms Whitford, we are getting a bit buried
- in this, for what I take it is just paragraph 118 that you're trying to get out. If not, I
- 20 think we really should move on.
- 21 MS WHITFORD: [15:05:02] I'll move on, your Honour.
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- should be in private session, your Honour.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [15:08:48] Yes. And we're still -- we're still -- we
- 3 haven't really moved much over these questions.
- 4 MS WHITFORD: [15:08:54] I think with this answer we have, your Honour. Yes,
- 5 we're moving along now.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [15:08:59] All right.
- 7 Yes. All right, private session.
- 8 (Private session at 3.09 p.m.)
- 9 THE COURT OFFICER: [15:09:16] We're in private session, Madam President.
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Open session at 4.00 p.m.)
- 8 THE COURT OFFICER: [16:00:43] We're back into open session, Madam President.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:00:46] Ms Whitford, how much longer? A bout
- 10 an hour?
- 11 MS WHITFORD: [16:00:49] It could go into a second session tomorrow, your
- 12 Honour. There is still quite some relevant information that this witness can give.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:00:57] Well, that hasn't been covered -- I thought
- 14 we were getting pretty near the end of his --
- 15 MS WHITFORD: [16:01:04] We are, your Honour. It could be finished possibly in
- 16 one session, but --
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:01:08] Yeah, all right.
- 18 MS WHITFORD: [16:01:10] -- perhaps a second.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:01:13] And just so that I understand it, although
- 20 you've listed some videos, it's not your intention to show any?
- 21 MS WHITFORD: [16:01:21] In fact, your Honour, upon reviewing the list of material,
- 22 the videos that your Honour may have had in mind are not on the list.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:01:32] Oh, they're not. Okay.
- 24 MS WHITFORD: [16:01:34] And on reflection, that may have been an omission on
- 25 our part.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:01:38] It seemed to me that if anybody was in
- 2 a position to tell us about it, it would be this witness, because he was there for so long.
- When did he say he left? 2015 or something. Anyhow.
- 4 MS WHITFORD: [16:01:49] Yes.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:01:49] All right. Well, I mean, I'm not going to
- 6 tell the Prosecution how to do its job.
- 7 MS WHITFORD: [16:01:58] We may -- we may have an application in relation to
- 8 that, your Honour.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:02:02] Well, I'll listen to it.
- 10 All right. Mr Shah, do you have any questions? I don't think this witness is
- 11 a victim at all, is he?
- 12 MR SHAH: [16:02:11] We don't anticipate any questions for this witness. Thank
- 13 you.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:02:14] No, that's what I thought.
- 15 Mr Laucci, roughly how long do you think you're going to be?
- 16 MR LAUCCI: [16:02:17] I would say minimum of four sessions. No more, in
- 17 the worst-case scenario, no more than five.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:02:28] But anyhow, we're definitely talking about
- 19 not finishing before Wednesday, at the earliest.
- 20 MR LAUCCI: [16:02:35] Yeah -- no, definitely not.
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:02:37] All right. Yeah. Well, there we go.
- 22 Yes. Thank you.
- 23 THE COURT USHER: [16:02:44] All rise.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE KORNER: [16:02:47] Oh, we'll just wait and see what happens
- 25 tomorrow.

Trial Hearing (Open Session) ICC-02/05-01/20

WITNESS: DAR-OTP-P-0883

1 (The hearing ends in open session at 4.02 p.m.)