

**Cour
Pénale
Internationale**

**International
Criminal
Court**



Original: **English**

No.: **ICC-01/04-02/06**
Date: **14 February 2025**

TRIAL CHAMBER II

Before: Judge María del Socorro Flores Liera, Presiding Judge
Judge Kimberly Prost
Judge Nicolas Guillou

SITUATION IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
IN THE CASE OF
THE PROSECUTOR v. BOSCO NTAGANDA

Public

**Third decision on the VPRS determinations of victims' eligibility for reparations and
priority status**

Decision to be notified, in accordance with regulation 31 of the Regulations of the Court, to:

☐ **The Office of the Prosecutor**

☐ **Counsel for the Defence**

☐ **Legal Representatives of the Victims**

☐ **Legal Representatives of the Applicants**

☐ **The Office of Public Counsel for Victims**

☐ **The Office of Public Counsel for the Defence**

☐ **States' Representatives**

☒ **Trust Fund for Victims**

REGISTRY

Registrar

Mr Osvaldo Zavala Giler

☐ **Counsel Support Section**

☐ **Victims and Witnesses Unit**

☐ **Detention Section**

☒ **Victims Participation and Reparations Section**

☒ **Public Information and Outreach Section**

Trial Chamber II (the ‘Chamber’) of the International Criminal Court, in the case of *The Prosecutor v. Bosco Ntaganda*, having regard to article 75 of the Rome Statute, issues this ‘Third decision on the VPRS determination of victims’ eligibility for reparations and priority status’.

1. On 8 March 2021, Trial Chamber VI delivered the Reparations Order.¹
2. On 14 July 2023, the Chamber, in a prior composition, issued the Addendum to the Reparations Order of 8 March 2021,² in which it, *inter alia*, detailed the substantive aspects of the procedure for carrying out the eligibility assessment of victims at the implementation stage.³
3. On 11 August 2023, the Chamber, in a prior composition, issued the ‘First Decision on the Trust Fund for Victims’ Draft Implementation Plan for Reparations’, in which it, *inter alia*, tasked the Registry, through the Victims Participation and Reparations Section (the ‘VPRS’), with carrying out the administrative eligibility assessment of beneficiaries for reparations.⁴
4. On 5 January 2025, the Registry submitted its ‘Transmission of VPRS determination of victims’ eligibility for reparations and priority status’,⁵ in which it informed the Chamber that, between July and December 2024, the VPRS identified 94 victims as eligible for reparations and priority treatment under the Initial Draft Implementation Plan programme.⁶

¹ Reparations Order, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2659](#).

² Addendum to the Reparations Order of 8 March 2021, ICC-01/04-02/06-2659, ICC-01/04-02/06-2858-Conf (public redacted version filed on the same date, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2858-Red](#); with public annex I, confidential *ex parte* and confidential Annex II, and public annex III) (the ‘Addendum’).

³ Addendum, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2858-Red](#), paras 34-148.

⁴ First Decision on the Trust Fund for Victims’ Draft Implementation Plan for Reparations, ICC-01-04-02/06-2860-Conf (public redacted version filed on 30 August 2023, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2860-Red](#)), para. 185(a). *See also*, Second Decision on the Trust Fund for Victims’ Draft Implementation Plan for Reparations, ICC-01/04-02/06-2894-Conf (public redacted version filed on the same date, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2894-Red](#)), in which the Chamber, in a prior composition, instructed the Registry to file, every four months, an update report on the eligibility determinations made on the victims’ dossiers for reparations; Decision on the First Registry Periodic Report on Eligibility Determinations for Reparations, ICC-01/04-02/06-2904-Conf (public redacted version filed on the same date, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2904-Red](#)) (the ‘Decision on the First Periodic Report’), para. 9, in which the Chamber approved the Registry’s proposal of submitting interim eligibility determinations in batches of 50 victims’ dossiers in addition to its quarterly periodic reports, to facilitate faster integration of victims into the Initial Draft Implementation Plan programme.

⁵ Transmission of VPRS determination of victims’ eligibility for reparations and priority status (with confidential *ex parte* annex available only to the TFV and the relevant CLRV), [ICC-01/04-02/06-2913](#); (corrigendum to the *ex parte* annex notified on 13 February 2025, ICC-01/04-02/06-2913-Conf-Exp-Anx-Corr-Anx; explanatory note corrigendum to ICC-01/04-02/06-2913-Conf-Exp-Anx).

⁶ Transmission of VPRS determination of victims’ eligibility for reparations and priority status, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2913](#), para. 1.

The Registry also notified the Chamber of the transmission of the victims' dossiers to the Chamber and the Trust Fund for Victims.⁷

5. Having considered the Registry's submissions, the Chamber hereby endorses the eligibility determination for reparations and priority treatment of the 94 victims identified.⁸ The Chamber notes that, following this approval, the total number of positive eligibility determinations for reparations is now 1,245 victims.⁹

FOR THESE REASONS, THE CHAMBER HEREBY

ENDORSES the Registry's eligibility determination of the 94 victims for reparations and priority treatment as referred in paragraph 5 above.

Done in both English and French, the English version being authoritative.



Judge María del Socorro Flores Liera, Presiding Judge



Judge Kimberly Prost



Judge Nicolas Guillou

Dated 14 February 2025

At The Hague, The Netherlands

⁷ Transmission of VPRS determination of victims' eligibility for reparations and priority status, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2913](#), paras 3-4.

⁸ Annex to the Transmission of VPRS determination of victims' eligibility for reparations and priority status, ICC-01/04-02/06-2913-Conf-Exp-Anx.

⁹ Decision on the First Periodic Report, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2904-Red](#), para. 8; Decision on the Second Registry Periodic Report on Eligibility Determinations for Reparations, 3 December 2024, ICC-01/04-02/06-2910-Conf (public redacted version filed on 3 December 2024, [ICC-01/04-02/06-2910-Red](#)), para. 6.