



Situation in Côte d'Ivoire

Côte d'Ivoire, which was not party to the Rome Statute at the time, had accepted the jurisdiction of the ICC on 18 April 2003; more recently, and on both 14 December 2010 and 3 May 2011, the Presidency of Côte d'Ivoire reconfirmed the country's acceptance of this jurisdiction. On 3 October 2011, the Pre-Trial Chamber authorised the Prosecutor to open an investigation into the situation in Côte d'Ivoire since 28 November 2010. On 22 February 2012, Pre-Trial Chamber III decided to expand its authorisation for the investigation in Côte d'Ivoire to include crimes within the jurisdiction of the Court allegedly committed between 19 September 2002 and 28 November 2010. On 15 February 2013, Côte d'Ivoire ratified the Rome Statute. The confirmation of charges hearing in the case *The Prosecutor v. Laurent Gbagbo* took place from 19 to 28 February 2013. On 3 June 2013, Pre-Trial Chamber I adjourned the hearing on the confirmation of charges and requested the Prosecutor to consider providing further evidence or conducting further investigation with respect to the charges presented against Laurent Gbagbo. An appeal against the decision is pending. On 22 November 2012, Pre-Trial Chamber I unsealed a warrant of arrest against Simone Gbagbo for four charges of crimes against humanity allegedly committed in the territory of Côte d'Ivoire between 16 December 2010 and 12 April 2011. The suspect is not in the ICC's custody.

Decisions and orders

Laurent Gbagbo Case

Decision on Mr Gbagbo's request for translation and an extension of time for the filing of a response to the document in support of the appeal

Issued by the Appeals Chamber on 31 July 2013

Situation in Kenya

On 31 March 2010, Pre-Trial Chamber II granted the Prosecutor's request to open an investigation *proprio motu* in the situation in Kenya, State Party since 2005. Following summonses to appear issued on 8 March 2011 in two separate cases, six Kenyan citizens voluntarily appeared before Pre-Trial Chamber II on 7 and 8 April 2011. The confirmation of charges hearings in the two cases took place from 1 to 9 September 2011, and 21 September to 5 October 2011, respectively. On 23 January 2012, the judges confirmed the charges only against William Samoei Ruto, Joshua Arap Sang, Francis Kirimi Muthaura and Uhuru Muigai Kenyatta and committed them to trial. On 18 March 2013, the charges against Francis Kirimi Muthaura were withdrawn. The trial in the case *The Prosecutor v. William Samoei Ruto and Joshua Arap Sang* is scheduled to start on 10 September 2013 and the trial in the case *The Prosecutor v. Uhuru Muigai Kenyatta* is scheduled to start on 12 November 2013.

Decisions and orders

Kenyatta Case

Decision on the Legal Representative's request for access to confidential filings and evidence

Issued by Trial Chamber V(b) on 22 August 2013

Situation in Libya

On 26 February 2011, the United Nations Security Council decided unanimously to refer the situation in Libya since 15 February 2011 to the ICC Prosecutor. On 3 March 2011, the ICC Prosecutor decided to open an investigation in the situation in Libya, which was assigned by the Presidency to Pre-Trial Chamber I. On 27 June 2011, Pre-Trial Chamber I issued three warrants of arrest respectively for Muammar Mohammed Abu Minyar Gaddafi, Saif Al-Islam Gaddafi and Abdullah Al-Senussi for crimes against humanity (murder and persecution) allegedly committed across Libya from 15 until at least 28 February 2011, through the State apparatus and Security Forces. On 22 November 2011, Pre-Trial Chamber I formally terminated the case against Muammar Gaddafi due to his death. The remaining suspects are not in the ICC's custody. On 31 May 2013, Pre-Trial Chamber I rejected Libya's challenge to the admissibility of the case against Saif Al-Islam Gaddafi and reminded Libya of its obligation to surrender the suspect to the Court. An appeal against the decision is pending. A decision on Libya's challenge to the admissibility of the case against Abdullah Al-Senussi before the ICC is also expected to be made in due course. On 14 June 2013, Pre-Trial Chamber I decided that Libya may postpone the execution of the surrender request of Abdullah Al-Senussi pending the determination by the Chamber of the admissibility challenge.

Decisions and orders

Saif Al-Islam and Al-Senussi Case

Decision on the OPCV's request to file observations on the observations of Ms Mishana Hosseinioun

Issued by the Appeals Chamber on 23 August 2013

Situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

The Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) ratified the Rome Statute on 11 April 2002. On 3 March 2004, the Government of the DRC referred the situation in its territory to the Court. After a preliminary analysis, the Prosecutor initiated an investigation on 21 June 2004. In this situation, six cases have been brought before the relevant Chambers: *The Prosecutor v. Thomas Lubanga Dyilo*; *The Prosecutor v. Bosco Ntaganda*; *The Prosecutor v. Germain Katanga*; *The Prosecutor v. Mathieu Ngudjolo Chui*; *The Prosecutor v. Callixte Mbarushimana*; and *The Prosecutor v. Sylvestre Mudacumura*. Thomas Lubanga Dyilo, Germain Katanga and Bosco Ntaganda are currently in the ICC's custody. Sylvestre Mudacumura remains at large. The trial in the case *The Prosecutor v. Thomas Lubanga Dyilo* started on 26 January 2009. On 14 March 2012, Trial Chamber I convicted Mr Lubanga Dyilo and he was sentenced on 10 July 2012 to a total period of 14 years of imprisonment. On 7 August 2012, Trial Chamber I issued a decision on the principles and the process to be implemented for reparations to victims in the case. All three decisions are currently subject to appeal. The trial in the case against Germain Katanga and Mathieu Ngudjolo Chui started on 24 November 2009 and closing statements were heard from 15 to 23 May 2012. On 21 November 2012, Trial Chamber II decided to sever the charges against Mathieu Ngudjolo Chui and Germain Katanga. On 18 December 2012, Trial Chamber II acquitted Mathieu Ngudjolo Chui of the charges of war crimes and crimes against humanity and ordered his immediate release. On 21 December 2012, Mr Ngudjolo Chui was released from custody. The Office of the Prosecutor has appealed the verdict. The verdict regarding Germain Katanga will be delivered at a later stage. On 16 December 2011, Pre-Trial Chamber I declined to confirm the charges in the case *The Prosecutor v. Callixte Mbarushimana*. Mr Mbarushimana was released on 23 December 2011. On 22 March 2013, Bosco Ntaganda surrendered himself voluntarily and is now in the ICC's custody. His initial appearance hearing took place before Pre-Trial Chamber II on 26 March 2013. The confirmation of charges hearing in the case is scheduled to start on 10 February 2014.

Decisions and orders

Ntaganda Case

Decision Ordering the Parties to Provide Risk Assessment with Respect of Witnesses and the Victims and Witnesses Unit to Submit Observations Thereupon

Issued by Pre-Trial Chamber II on 21 August 2013

Situation in Darfur, Sudan

There are five cases in the situation in Darfur, Sudan: *The Prosecutor v. Ahmad Muhammad Harun ("Ahmad Harun") and Ali Muhammad Ali Abd-Al-Rahman ("Ali Kushayb")*; *The Prosecutor v. Omar Hassan Ahmad Al Bashir*; *The Prosecutor v. Bahar Idriss Abu Garda*; *The Prosecutor v. Abdallah Banda Abakaer Nourain and Saleh Mohammed Jerbo Jamus*; and *The Prosecutor v. Abdel Raheem Muhammad Hussein*. Five warrants of arrest have been issued by Pre-Trial Chamber I for Messrs Harun, Kushayb, Al Bashir and Hussein. The four suspects remain at large. A summons to appear was issued for Mr Abu Garda who appeared voluntarily before the Chamber on 18 May 2009. After the confirmation of charges hearing, in February 2010, Pre-Trial Chamber I declined to confirm the charges. Two other summonses to appear were issued against Mr Banda and Mr Jerbo who appeared voluntarily on 17 June 2010; the confirmation of charges hearing took place on 8 December 2010. On 7 March 2011, Pre-Trial Chamber I unanimously decided to confirm the charges of war crimes brought by the ICC Prosecutor against Mr Banda and Mr Jerbo, and committed them to trial. On 16 March 2011, the ICC Presidency constituted Trial Chamber IV and referred the case to it. The trial in the case *The Prosecutor v. Abdallah Banda Abakaer Nourain and Saleh Mohammed Jerbo Jamus* is scheduled to start on 5 May 2014.

Decisions and orders

Banda and Jerbo Case

Scheduling Order for the judgment on the appeal of Mr Abdallah Banda Abakaer Nourain and Mr Saleh Mohammed Jerbo Jamus against the decision of Trial Chamber IV of 23 January 2013 entitled "Decision on the Defence's Request for Disclosure of Documents in the Possession of the Office of the Prosecutor"

Issued by the Appeals Chamber on 21 August 2013

Relevant Links

Courtroom proceedings can be followed on the ICC website: www.icc-cpi.int, where you can also consult the [hearing schedule](#).



The International Criminal Court (ICC) wants to improve its website and values your opinion. For this reason, we have launched an online survey which can be completed at: http://www.icc-cpi.int/en_menus/icc/press%20and%20media/Pages/icc-website-survey.aspx.

The survey should not take more than 10 minutes and will help us to serve you better. Your information will remain private and confidential. Thank you for your support.

Calendar

Judicial developments

- **10 September 2013**
Trial to open in the case against *William Samoei Ruto* and *Joshua Arap Sang*
- **12 November 2013**
Trial to open in the case against *Uhuru Muigai Kenyatta*
- **10 February 2014**
Confirmation of charges hearing to start in the case against *Bosco Ntaganda*
- **5 May 2014**
Trial to open in the case against *Abdallah Banda Abakaer Nourain* and *Saleh Mohammed Jerbo Jamus*

View the online [ICC hearing schedule](#)

Forthcoming events

- **10 September 2013**
ICC President Song to deliver a keynote address at a side-event during the 24th session of the United Nations Human Rights Council titled "The ICC, 15 years after the Rome Statute: Prospects for the Future", in Geneva (Switzerland)
- **29 September 2013**
ICC to hold public interactive tours of its premises as part of The Hague International Day 2013, The Hague (Netherlands)

The calendar is subject to last-minute changes.